## **Degan Collaborative Planning**First Science

	First science	TELETER OF THE SECOND S	
Readiness/Supporting: 1.7A Observe, compare, des	cribe, G1.78 to and de	escope a Commission	
and Sort components a	of soil Svanety of natura	sources - 1	
by size, texture, and colo	t Lot water, in	cluding 1	
Process Standards:	1. Cl. Streams, lakes	e oceans	
Tools to Know 1. +C Gather enached	of how rocks, soil, and	Ways to Show	
1.1(A) recognize and demonstrate safe practices as described in the outdoor investigations, including wearing safety goggles, washing leading to the importance of safe practices to keep self and outgoing the importance of safe practices.	nands, and using materials appropriately	1.2(C) collect data and make observations using simple equipment such as hand lenses, primary balances tools	
1.16 identify and learn how to use natural resources and materia paper, plastic, and metals	•	1.2(D) record and organize data using picture, numbers, and words	
1.2(A) ask questions about organisms, objects, and events observed	1.2(E) communicate observations and provide reasons for explanations using student-generated		
1.2(B) plan and conduct simple descriptive investigations such as a	data from simple descriptive investigations		
1.4(A) collect, record, and compare information using tools, including computers, hand lenses, primary balances, cups, bowls, magnets, collecting nets, notebooks, and safety goggles; timing devices, including clocks and timers nonstandard measuring items such as paper clips and clothespins, weather instruments such as classroom-demonstration thermometers and wind socks; and materials to support observation of habitats of organisms such as terrariums and aquariums		1.3(A) identify and explain a problem such as finding a home for a classroom pet and propose a solution in his/her own words	
		1.3(B) make predictions based on observable patterns	
14(B) measure and compare organisms and objects using non-sta	ndard units	1.3(C) describe what scientists do	
Language Objective:  TSW orally discuss science stations	describe water,	ations from	
D & C Icons:			
% <b>₩⇒???</b> ◆			
What is it we want students to know or be a	able to do?		
S1.7A)	E1.7B	£1.7c	
serve desember	Identify Describe	(identify)	
compare/	(water)	. (Droducts)	
Soil	Inatural Source	e rocks soil water	
components	streams laker oc	Ceans	
5120) textury color.		•	

Applicable Data and Vertical Implications:

Revised Bloom's Taxonomy	Webb's DOK Level 1 Recall & Reproduction	Webb's DOK Level 2 Skills & Concepts	Webb's DOK Level 3 Strategic Thinking/Reasoning	Webb's DOK Level 4 Extended Thinking
Remember Retrieve knowledge from long-term memory, recognize, recall, locate, identify	Recall, observe, & recognize facts, principles, properties     Recall /identify conversions among representations or numbers (customary and metric measures)			
Understand Construct meaning, clarify, paraphrase, represent, translate, illustrate, give examples, classify, categorize, summarize, generalize, infer a logical conclusion, predict, compare, contrast, explain, construct models	Evaluate an expression     Locate points on a grid or number on a number line     Solve a one-step problem     Represent math relationship in words, pictures, or symbols     Read, write, compare decimals in scientific notation	Specify and explain relationships (cause -effect) Make and record observations Explain steps followed Summarize results or concepts Make basic inferences or logical predictions from data/observations Use models/diagrams to represent or explain mathematical concepts Make and explain estimates	Use concepts to solve non-routine problems Explain, generalize, or connect ideas using supporting evidence Make and justify conjectures Explain thinking when more than one response is possible Explain phenomena in terms of concepts	Relate mathematical or scientific concepts to other content areas, other domains or other concepts  Develop generalizations of the results obtained and the strategies used (from investigation or reading) and apply them to new problem situations
Apply Carry out or use a procedure in a given situation; carry out (apply to a familiar task), or use (apply) to an unfamiliar task	<ul> <li>Follow simple procedures         (recipe-type directions)</li> <li>Calculate, measure, apply a rule         (rounding)</li> <li>Apply algorithm or formula (area         or perimeter)</li> <li>Solve linear equations</li> <li>Make conversions among         representations or numbers, or         within and between customary         and metric measures</li> </ul>	Select a procedure according to criteria and perform it Solve routine problem applying multiple concepts or decision points Retrieve information from a table, graph, or figure and use it to solve a problem require multiple steps Translate between tables, graphs, words, and symbolic notations (e.g. graph data from a table) Construct models given criteria	Design investigation for a specific purpose or research question Conduct a designed investigation Use concepts to solve non-routine problems Use & show reasoning, planning & evidence Translate between problem & symbolic notation when not a direct translation	Select or devise approach among many alternatives to solve a problem Conduct a project that specifies a problem, identifie solution paths, solves the problem, and reports results
Analyze Break into constituent parts, determine how parts relate, differentiated between relevant-irrelevant, distinguish, focus, select, organize, outline, find	<ul> <li>Retrieve information from a table or graph to answer a question</li> <li>Identify whether specific information is contained in graphic representations (table, graph, T-chart, diagram)</li> <li>Identify a pattern/trend</li> </ul>	Categorize, classify materials, data, figures based on characteristics Organize or order data Compare/contrast figures or data Select appropriate graph and organize & display data Interpret data from a simple graph Extend a pattern	Compare information within or across data sets or texts Analyze and draw conclusions from data, citing evidence Generalize a pattern Interpret data from complex graph Analyze similarities/difference between procedures or solutions	Analyze multiple sources of evidence     Analyze complex/abstract themes     Gather, analyze, and evaluate information
Evaluate Make judgments based on criteria, check, detect inconsistencies or fallacies, judge, critique			Cite evidence and develop a logical argument for concepts or solutions  Describe, compare, and contrast solution methods  Verify reasonableness of results	<ul> <li>Gather, analyze &amp; evaluate information to draw conclusions</li> <li>Apply understanding in nove way, provide argument or justification for application</li> </ul>
Create Reorganize elements into new patterns or structures, generate, hypothesize, design, plan, construct, produce	<ul> <li>Brainstorm ideas, concepts, or perspectives related to a topic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Generate conjectures or hypotheses based on observations or prior knowledge and experience</li> </ul>	Synthesize information within one data set, source, or text Formulate an original problem given a situation Develop a scientific/mathematical model for a complex situation	Synthesize information across multiple sources or texts     Design a mathematical mode to inform and solve a practical or abstract situation

		Ada	apted from © 2009 Karin Hess
How will we know if they know it?  TSW dentity and a Soil.	lescribe source	es of w	ater, nocks and
What do we do if students have not learned (p More exploration time	re-requisite skills)?		
What do we do if students have already shown  Create presentation of  Research other exam	1 Google Sho		
Guided questions:  1. How are they al	ike & differe	17	Suggested Materials: Soil Samples
2. How could you son 3. What products can	7	hese?	hand lenses